Proposals for setting up Mini-Steel Plant in Punjab

1829. SHRI IQBAL SINGH: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received fresh proposals from the private sector for setting up of a Mini Steel Plant in the State of Punjab;

(b) if so, the total investment offered in this project;

(c) what is the total additional capacity of steel production to be generated therefrom; and

(d) the details of Steel Plants proposed to be set up in the private sector in near future?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) to (d) The iron and steel industry has been exempted from the purview of compulsory licensing. An entrepreneur wishing to set up an iron or steel unit does not require approval of Government for industrial licence unless the plant is proposed to be located within 25 Kms. from the periphery of the standard urban area limits of a city having a population of more than 10 lakhs as per 1991 Census.

As per the information available with Government, no proposal is pending for setting up a Steel Plant in the State of Punjab.

Setting up Steel Plant in Saurashtra

1830. SHRI CHIMANBHAI HARIBHAI SHUKLA: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have not accepted proposal to set up steel plant in the Saurashtra region of Gujarat;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether Government propose to reconsider the decision; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) No proposal has been received from Government of Gujarat to set up a steel plant in the Saurashtra region of Gujarat.

(b) to (d) Do not arise in view of reply at (a) above.

News paper report on Steel output

1831. SHRI IQBAL SINGH: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news item published in the 'Hindustan Times' dated the 1st February, 1995 under the caption "Steel output may hit 57mt by 2011 at current growth rate";

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what is Government's reaction Industry.

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The news item in question relates to a report by a Task Force set up by the Government to prepare a 20 year action plan for growth of Iron & Steel Industry.

According to the report of the Task Force, the Indian Steel Industry has shown an average annual growth rate of 6.2 per cent during 1955 to 1990. If appropriate conditions can be created and sustained even for a similar growth rate over the next twenty years, India could be producing around 57 million tonnes of finished steel per annum by 2011-12 A.D.

(c) Government has taken a number-of steps in pursuance of the report of the Task Force. They include:—

(i) Creation of a Standing Committee under the Chairmanship of steel Minister. The Committee include Members of Parliament, major steel producers, representatives of various Government departments and Financial

Institutions etc. The Committee discusses various issues relating to Steel Industry.

(ii) Ensuring proper linkages of raw material and energy.

(iii) Liberalisation of import-export and fiscal policies.

(iv) Encouraging Research & Development activities.

भारतीय इस्पात प्राधिकरण लिमिटेड के अधीन इस्पात संयंत्र

1832. श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह :

क्या इस्पात मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) भारतीय इस्पात प्राधिकरण के अधीन कितने संयंत्रों में उत्पादन कार्य चल रहा है और वर्तमान में उनमें से प्रत्येक संयंत्र की उत्पादन क्षमता क्या है ;

(ख) लाभ अर्जित करने वाला अथवा घाटे में चल रहे संयंत्रों का ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ग) विगत तीन वर्षों के दौरान इन संयंत्रों में हुए लाभ-हानि का ब्यौरा क्या है ?

इस्पात मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री सन्तोष मोहन देव) : (क) स्टील अथारिटी आफ इण्डिया लिमिटेड (सेल) चार एकीकृत और दो विशेष इस्पात संयंत्रों का प्रचालन करता है। इनके अतिरिक्त इसकी तीन सहायक कम्पनियां अर्थात एक एकीकृत इस्पात संयंत्र , इण्डियन आयरन एण्ड स्टील कम्पनी (इस्को), एक मिश्र तथा विशेष इस्पात संयंत्र विश्वेवरैया आयरन एण्ड स्टील (वी०आई०एस०एल०) और एक फैरो मिश्र संयंत्र महाराष्ट्र इलैक्ट्रसमैल्ट लिमिटेड है।

"सेल" के उपरोक्त संयंत्रों और सहायक कम्पनियों की मौजूदा (1994–95) उत्पादन क्षमता निम्नानुसार है :—

(इकाई : हजार टन)

(विक्रय इस्पात की क्षमता)

एकीकृत इस्पात संयंत्र

1.	भिलाई इस्पात संयंत्र	3153
2.	दुर्गापुर इस्पात संयंत्र	1000
3.	राउरकेला इस्पात संयंत्र	1170
4.	बोकारो इस्पात संयंत्र	3156
5.	इस्को (सेल की सहायक कम्पनी)	406

(इकाई . हजार टन)
(विक्रेय इस्पात की क्षमता

विशेष इस्पात संयंत्र और अन्य सहायक कम्पनियां

1.	मिश्र इस्पात संयंत्र, दुर्गापुर	184
2.	सेलम इस्पात संयंत्र, सेलम	70
3.	विश्वेश्वरैया आयरन एण्ड स्टील लिमिटेड (सेल की सहायक कम्पनी)	77
4.	महाराष्ट्र इलैक्ट्रोसमैल्ट लिमिटेड (सेल की सहायक कम्पनी)	100*

*फैरो मिश्र की क्षमता